

Practice Problems

Chapter-wise Sheets

Date :	Start Time :	End Time :	

CHEMISTRY (CC03)

SYLLABUS: Classification of Elements and Periodicity in Properties

Max. Marks: 120 Marking Scheme: + 4 for correct & (-1) for incorrect Time: 60 min.

INSTRUCTIONS: This Daily Practice Problem Sheet contains 30 MCQ's. For each question only one option is correct. Darken the correct circle/ bubble in the Response Grid provided on each page.

The correct sequence which shows decreasing order of the 1. ionic radii of the elements is

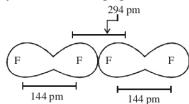
$$\begin{array}{ll} \text{(a)} & A I^{3+} > M g^{2+} > N a^+ > F^- > O^{2-} \\ \text{(b)} & N a^+ > M g^{2+} > A I^{3+} > O^{2-} > F^- \end{array}$$

(b)
$$Na^+ > Mg^{2+} > Al^{3+} > O^{2-} > F$$

(c)
$$Na^+ > F^- > Mg^{2+} > O^{2-} > Al^{3+}$$

(d)
$$O^{2-} > F^- > Na^+ > Mg^{2+} > Al^{3+}$$

The van der Waal and covalent radii of fluorine atom respectively from the following figure are.



- (a) 219pm, 72pm
- (b) 75pm, 72pm
- (c) 147pm, 72pm
- (d) 147pm, 144pm
- Arrange the following in increasing order of ionic radii? C⁴⁻,N³⁻,F⁻,O²⁻

(a)
$$C^{4-} < N^{3-} < O^{2-} < F^{-}$$

(b)
$$N^{3-} < C^{4-} < O^{2-} < F^{-}$$

(c)
$$F^- < O^{2-} < N^{3-} < C^{4-}$$

(d)
$$O^{2-} < F^- < N^{3-} < C^{4-}$$

- Which is not the correct order for the stated property.
 - (a) Ba > Sr > Mg; atomic radius
 - (b) F > O > N; first ionization enthalpy
 - (c) Cl > F > I; electron affinity
 - (d) O > Se > Te; electronegativity

RESPONSE GRID

1. (a)(b)(c)(d)

2. (a)(b)(c)(d)

3. ⓐ ⓑ ⓒ ⓓ

4. (a)(b)(c)(d)

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- In which of the following arrangements, the order is NOT according to the property indicated against it?
 - (a) Li < Na < K < Rb: Increasing metallic radius
 - (b) I < Br < F < Cl: Increasing electron gain enthalpy (with negative sign)
 - (c) B < C < N < OIncreasing first ionization enthalpy
 - (d) $Al^{3+} < Mg^{2+} < Na^+ < F^-$ Increasing ionic size
- The symbol and IUPAC name for the element with atomic 6. number 120, respectively are
 - (a) Ubn and unbinilium
 - (b) Ubn and unbiunium
 - (c) Ubn and unnibium
 - (d) Ubn and unnilium
- Sequence of acidic character is
 - (a) $N_2O_5 > SO_2 > CO > CO_2$
 - (b) $N_2O_5 > SO_2 > CO_2 > CO$
 - (c) $SO_2 > CO_2 > CO > N_2O_5$
 - (d) $SO_2 > N_2O_5 > CO > CO_2$
- The correct order of ionization energy for carbon, nitrogen 8. and oxygen atoms is:
 - (a) C > N > O
- (b) C > N < O
- (c) C < N > O
- (d) C < N < O
- Which of the following order is wrong?
 - (a) $NH_2 < PH_2 < AsH_2 Acidic$
 - (b) Li < Be < B < C First IP
 - (c) $Al_2O_3 < MgO < Na_2O < K_2O Basic$
 - (d) $Li^+ < Na^+ < K^+ < Cs^+ Ionic radius$

- 10. The radii of F, F⁻, O and O^{2-} are in the order
 - (a) $O^{2-} > F^{-} > F > O$
 - (b) $F^- > O^{2-} > F > O$
 - (c) $O^{2-} > O > F^{-} > F$
 - (d) $O^{2-} > F^{-} > O > F$
- Which of the following has the maximum number of unpaired electrons?
 - (a) Mg^{2+}
 - (b) Ti³⁺
 - (c) V³⁺
 - (d) Fe²⁺
- 12. The incorrect statement among the following is
 - The first ionization potential of Al is less than the first ionization potential of Mg
 - (b) The second ionization potential of Mg is greater than the second ionization potential of Na
 - (c) The first ionization potential of Na is less than the first ionization potential of Mg
 - (d) The third ionization potential of Mg is greater than the third ionization potential of Al.
- 13. According to the Periodic Law of elements, the variation in properties of elements is related to their
 - (a) nuclear masses
 - (b) atomic numbers
 - (c) nuclear neutron-proton number ratios
 - (d) atomic masses
- **14.** Identify the correct order of the size of the following:
 - (a) $Ca^{2+} < K^+ < Ar < Cl^- < S^{2-}$
 - (b) $Ar < Ca^{2+} < K^+ < Cl^- < S^{2-}$
 - (c) $Ca^{2+} < Ar < K^+ < Cl^- < S^{2-}$
 - (d) $Ca^{2+} < K^+ < Ar < S^{2-} < Cl^-$

RESPONSE GRID

- 5. (a)(b)(c)(d)
- 6. (a)(b)(c)(d)
- 7. (a)(b)(c)(d)
- 8. (a)(b)(c)(d)
- (a)(b)(c)(d)

- **10.** (a) (b) (c) (d)
- 11. (a) (b) (c) (d)
- 12. (a) (b) (c) (d)
- 13. (a) (b) (c) (d)
- **14.** (a)(b)(c)(d)

- 15. Following statements regarding the periodic trends of chemical reactivity of the alkali metals and the halogens are given. Which of these statements gives the correct picture?
 - (a) Chemical reactivity increases with increase in atomic number down the group in both the alkali metals and halogens
 - (b) In alkali metals the reactivity increases but in the halogens it decreases with increase in atomic number down the group
 - (c) The reactivity decreases in the alkali metals but increases in the halogens with increase in atomic number down the group
 - (d) In both the alkali metals and the halogens the chemical reactivity decreases with increase in atomic number down the group
- **16.** In which of the following arrangements, the sequence is *not* strictly according to the property written against it?
 - (a) HF<HCl<HBr, HI: increasing acid strength
 - (b) $NH_3 < PH_3 < AsH_3 < SbH_3$: increasing basic strength
 - (c) B < C < O < N: increasing first ionization enthalpy
 - (d) $CO_2 < SiO_2 < SnO_2 < PbO_2$: increasing oxidising power
- 17. Which of the following order is wrong?
 - (a) $NH_3 < PH_3 < AsH_3 Acidic$
 - (b) $Li < Be < B < C IE_1$
 - (c) $Al_2O_3 < MgO < Na_2O < K_2O \longrightarrow Basic$
 - (d) $Li^+ < Na^+ < K^+ < Cs^+$ Ionic radius
- 18. The correct order of electron gain enthalpy with negative sign of F, Cl, Br and I, having atomic number 9, 17, 35 and 53 respectively, is:
 - (a) F > Cl > Br > I
- (b) Cl > F > Br > I
- (c) Br > Cl > I > F
- (d) I > Br > Cl > F

- 19. Which one of the following has largest ionic radius?
 - (a) Li+
- (b) O_2^{2-}
- (c) B^{3+}
- 20. Which one of the following arrangements represents the correct order of least negative to most negative electron gain enthalpy for C, Ca, Al, F and O?
 - (a) Ca < Al < C < O < F
 - (b) Al < Ca < O < C < F
 - (c) Al < O < C < Ca < F
 - (d) C < F < O < Al < Ca
- 21. Which of the following elements represents highly electropositive as well as highly electronegative character in its period?
 - (a) Hydrogen
- (b) Nitrogen
- (c) Fluorine
- (d) None of these
- 22. Which one of the following ions has the highest value of ionic radius?
 - (a) O^{2-}
- (b) B^{3+}
- (c) Li+
- (d) F-
- 23. Among Al₂O₃, SiO₂, P₂O₃ and SO₂ the correct order of acid strength is
 - (a) $Al_2O_3 < SiO_2 < SO_2 < P_2O_3$
 - (b) $SiO_2 < SO_2 < Al_2O_3 < P_2O_3$
 - (c) $SO_2 < P_2O_3 < SiO_2 < Al_2O_3$
 - (d) $Al_2O_3 < SiO_2 < P_2O_3 < SO_2$
- Which of the following arrangements represents the increasing order (smallest to largest) of ionic radii of the given species O^{2-} , S^{2-} , N^{3-} , P^{3-} ?

(c) $N^3 < O^{2-} < P^{3-} < S^{2-}$ (d) $N^{3-} < S^{2-} < O^{2-} < P^{3-}$

- (a) $O^{2-} < N^{3-} < S^{2-} < P^{3-}$ (b) $O^{2-} < P^{3-} < N^{3-} < S^{2-}$

- RESPONSE GRID
- **15.** (a) (b) (c) (d) 20. (a) (b) (c) (d)
- **16.** (a) (b) (c) (d) 21. (a) (b) (c) (d)
- 17. (a) (b) (c) (d) 22. (a) (b) (c) (d)
- 18. (a) (b) (c) (d) 23. (a) (b) (c) (d)
- **19.** (a)(b)(c)(d)
 - 24. (a)(b)(c)(d)

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- **25.** Which of the following oxides is amphoteric in character?
 - (a) SnO_2
- (b) SiO₂
- (c) CO₂
- (d) CaO
- **26.** The formation of the oxide ion O^{2–}(g), from oxygen atom requires first an exothermic and then an endothermic step as shown below:

$$O(g) + e^{-} \rightarrow O^{-}(g); \Delta_f H^{\ominus} = -141 \text{ kJ mol}^{-1}$$

$$O^{-}(g) + e^{-} \rightarrow O^{2-}(g); \ \Delta_{f} H^{\Theta} = +780 \text{ kJ mol}^{-1}$$

Thus process of formation of O^{2-} in gas phase is unfavourable even though O^{2-} is isoelectronic with neon. It is due to the fact that

- (a) Electron repulsion outweighs the stability gained by achieving noble gas configuration
- (b) O- ion has comparatively smaller size than oxygen atom
- (c) Oxygen is more electronegative
- (d) Addition of electron in oxygen results in larger size of the ion.
- **27.** Which of the following statements is wrong?
 - (a) van der Waal's radius of iodine is more than its covalent radius
 - (b) All isoelectronic ions belong to same period of the periodic table
 - (c) I.E.₁ of N is higher than that of O while I.E.₂ of O is higher than that of N
 - (d) The electron gain enthalpy of N is almost zero while that of P is 74.3 kJ mol⁻¹
- **28.** The first $(\Delta_i H_1)$ and second $(\Delta_i H_2)$ ionization enthalpies (in kJ mol⁻¹) and the electron gain enthalpy $(\Delta_{eg} H)$ (in kJ mol⁻¹) of the elements I, II, III, IV and V are given below

Element	$\Delta_{i}H_{1}$	$\Delta_i H_2$	$\Delta_{ m eg} H$
I	520	7300	-60
П	419	3051	-48
III	1681	3374	-328
IV	1008	1846	-295
V	2372	5251	+48
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The most reactive metal and the least reactive non-metal of these are respectively

- (a) I and V
- (b) V and II
- (c) II and V
- (d) IV and V
- **29.** Consider the following statements:
 - Atomic radii decreases across a row of the periodic table when we move from left to right.
 - (ii) Atomic radii increases down the column as we move from top to bottom.
 - (iii) Although the order of elements is based on atomic numbers, vertical families share similar chemical properties.

Which of the statement(s) given above is/are correct?

- (a) (i) and (ii)
- (b) (i) and (iii)
- (c) (ii) and (iii)
- (d) (i), (ii) and (iii)
- **30.** Match Column-I with Column-II and select the correct answer by the given codes.

C	olumnn-I		Column-II
	(Atoms)		(Properties)
(A) He	e	(p)	High electronegative
(B) F		(q)	Most electropositive
(C) Rl	b	(r)	Strongest reducing agent
(D) Li		(s)	Highest ionisation energy
(a) A	-(s), B-(q), C-	(r), I	O – (p)
(b) A	-(p), B - (s), C -	(q),]	D – (r)
(c) A	-(s), B - (p), C -	(r), I	O-(q)
(d) A	-(s), B - (p), C -	(q), 1	D-(r)

RESPONSE GRID 25. a b c d 30. a b c d

26. a b c d 27. a b c

28. a b c d

29. abcd

DAILY PRACTICE PROBLEM DPP CHAPTERWISE 3 - CHEMISTRY						
Total Questions	30	Total Marks	120			
Attempted		Correct				
Incorrect		Net Score				
Cut-off Score	38 Qualifying Score		55			
Success Gap = Net Score - Qualifying Score						
Net Score = (Correct × 4) – (Incorrect × 1)						